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- Agency of Rural Development of Istria, Ltd. Pazin, AZRRI, CROATIA
- Association for the Promotion of Employment, Vocational Training and Education - INFORMO, CROATIA
- Business Development Centre, Kragujevac, BDCKG, SERBIA
- Foundation Business Start-up Center, BSC Bar, MONTENEGRO
- Municipality of Bar, BAR, MONTENEGRO
- Mediterranean Agronomic Institute of Chania, CIHEAM - MAICH, GREECE



BASIC PROJECT INFO

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ECOVINEGOALS



ECOVINEGOALS STUDY AREAS



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ECOVINEGOALS STUDY AREAS



LAND AREA



UTILISED AGRICULTURAL AREA



TOTAL AREA UNDER VINES



GRAPE VARIETIES

Cembra Valley

- 11,655 ha
- 1,415 ha
- 691.78 ha
- Müller Thurgau, Chardonnay, Traminer, Pinot Nero

Vipava Hills

- 6,869 ha
- 3,166 ha
- 936 ha
- Merlot, Sauvignon, Malvazija, Rebula

Topola Municipality

- 35,698 ha
- 29,093 ha
- 280 ha
- Merlot, Cabernet Sauvignon, Morava, Chardonnay

BioVenezia

- 105,800 ha
- 74,815.1 ha
- 10,061.7 ha
- Glera, Pinot Grey, Merlot, Cabernet

Vodnjan-Fažana-Bale Area

- 19,684 ha
- 1,826.97 ha
- 45.18 ha
- Teran, Malvazija Istarska, Muškat, Merlot

Istria County

- 281,300 ha
- 42,792 ha
- 2,844.89 ha
- Teran, Malvazija Istarska, Muškat, Chardonnay

Crmnica

- 48,056 ha
- 796.86 ha
- 24 ha
- Vranac, Kratosija, Žižak, Krstač

Topola Municipality, SERBIA

Part of the Oplenac area of the Sumadija wine district of Central Serbia, with significant agricultural, cultural and historical heritage. Although all Oplenac vineyards are managed conventionally, and none is registered as organic to date, the implementation of many agroecological practices has been recorded.

Municipality of Platanias, GREECE

Located in the Regional Unit of Chania, it extends from the Gulf of Chania towards the main land and the northwestern most fringes of the Lefka Ori mountain range. Its coastline is one of the most popular touristic destinations in the region. Within its borders NATURA 2000 protected areas are included, while key issues for viticulture are land fragmentation (93.1% of the vineyards are ~0.3ha) and land use change.

Municipality of Archanes – Asterousia, GREECE

Located in the Regional Unit of Heraklion it extends South to the Libyan Sea. A semi-mountainous area with a fertile plain including NATURA 2000 protected areas. Local viticulture is characterised by land fragmentation (80% of the vineyards are ~0.3ha), water shortage, a long history of wine and a growing interest in wine tourism.

Municipality of Platanias

- 49,100 ha
- 19,445.12 ha
- 451.1 ha
- Romeiko, Cabernet Sauvignon, Fokiano, Syrah

Municipality of Archanes – Asterousia

- 35,500 ha
- 18,125.66 ha
- 3,777 ha
- Sultanina, Kotsifali, Vilana, Rozaki

The ECOVINEGOALS

study areas differ in many aspects but all share a long history of viticulture and all create excellent wines by combining nature's generosity with man's creativity.

Cembra Valley, ITALY

Located in the north-east part of the Autonomous Province of Trento along the lower part of the Avisio river, the land is characterized by high fragmentation and steep slopes, vine-growing terraces with dry stone walls, forming a unique agricultural landscape included in the National Register of the Rural Historic Landscapes of Italy. Moreover, these difficult growing conditions make mechanisation almost impossible; therefore, a large part of the area is cultivated according to the principles of heroic viticulture.

BioVenezia, ITALY

"Biodistrict of central-eastern Venice" (BIOVENEZIA), covers the area from Cavallino-Treporti to San Michele al Tagliamento and the border of Treviso to the Adriatic Sea. With 19 founding members, it promotes organic production and supports local identity, research and training. BIOVENEZIA now includes ~50 organic farms while most wineries incorporate naturalistic elements.

Vipava Hills, SLOVENIA

A part of the Vipava Valley of Primorska, one of three Slovenian wine growing regions, almost half the region is forested and a significant part is protected by NATURA 2000. Agricultural land is highly fragmented and 61% of the vineyards are steeply sloped and terraced.

Istria County, Vodnjan-Fažana-Bale Area, CROATIA

Istria County is located in a peninsula in the northwest Adriatic, with a favorable position and an extremely diverse terrain that encompasses three of the main high quality wine-producing areas of Croatia. Although viticulture in the area is managed conventionally, traditional methods used show great respect for the protection of the environment and closely align with the principles of agroecology. Within the County, the area of Vodnjan-Fažana-Bale, with its rolling hills and vineyards extending down along the southwestern coast of the peninsula is one of the most well-known for viticulture and wine-making.

Crmnica, MONTENEGRO

A hilly wine-growing region where the proportion of fields and arable land is relatively low, except adjacent to the protected natural area Lake Skadar where climatic and soil conditions favour wine-growing. About 20% of the vineyards are located in the protected area of Lake Skadar.